

## Section 1:

### #1 (First paragraph) Strengths:

- Vivid imagery creates a compelling visual of a modernised cityscape
- Sophisticated vocabulary ("perspicuous," "choreographed") elevates the descriptive quality

Weaknesses: Underdeveloped Metaphor → Your metaphor of "choreographed step" starts strong but doesn't fully connect to the broader theme of development. The comparison between crowd movement and national progress needs deeper exploration. The phrase "mirror of their country's development" feels rushed and could better explain how human movement reflects societal advancement.

Exemplar: "Their synchronised movements flow like the steady march of progress itself—each step forward a testament to their nation's unwavering journey toward excellence."

### #2 (Third paragraph) Strengths:

- Effective use of extended metaphor ("tree with many branches")
- Clear logical progression of benefits

Weaknesses: Repetitive Structure → Your paragraph relies heavily on listing benefits without varying sentence structure. Phrases like "can also" and "not only that" appear multiple times, weakening the impact. The section "increasing happiness indexes and healthy families" feels particularly abrupt.

Exemplar: "This economic transformation serves as a catalyst, spawning innovations from nuclear energy to artificial islands, whilst simultaneously elevating the nation's global standing through expanded trade networks and diplomatic alliances."

### #3 (Fifth paragraph) Strengths:

- Strong argumentative stance
- Effective use of personal address to engage readers

Weaknesses: Unclear Progression → Your argument jumps between ideas without smooth transitions. The shift from "move on and learn from your mistakes" to "staying back at a cultural society" lacks clear connection. The concluding statement about "flawed reality" needs more development.

Exemplar: "While preserving cultural heritage holds value, clinging to tradition at the expense of addressing systemic challenges merely perpetuates existing limitations, preventing necessary growth and adaptation."

Actionable Task: Rewrite the fifth paragraph focusing specifically on connecting the ideas of learning from mistakes and cultural preservation, ensuring each sentence flows logically into the next.

Section 2:

#1 Imagine a world where graceful crowds of people hurry to their jobs. Their pattern is organised for maximum efficiency—each choreographed step is a mirror of their country's development. Tall buildings, sleek and streamlined to ~~optimize~~ [optimise] their usage, tower over the crimson horizon, overshadowing past troubles and the once-impooverished skyline. This utopia of prosperity and perspicuous beauty is the embodiment of modern perfection—simple as the blooming of flowers yet as complex as the human mind.

#2 First and foremost, adopting rapid economic growth can boost a more profound society and reap many other benefits. Rapid economic growth is a tree with many branches and talents, serving as a basis for more advanced things – ~~such as~~ [including] nuclear energy, skyscrapers, and even artificial islands. Rapid economic growth can also push the country to First World, unlocking countless trading partners, markets and potential allies. Not only that, but it can also increase the workforce as a bigger society needs more workers. ~~With that, it can~~ [This growth would] bring people out of poverty – increasing happiness indexes and healthy families.

This is our reality if we embrace rapid advancement and economic growth – even if it's at the cost of the cultural face of the country. Putting it as a priority can reap insurmountable societal benefits and progress – boosting community, workforce, markets, stocks, international trades and much more. Countries chasing ~~modernization~~ [modernisation] should reflect on Japan's Post-War miracle – a historical checkpoint and a roundabout in the Japanese community. The miraculous boost in the economy has moved them thus forward from their despicable past. Yet still, Japan's culture is thriving – presenting a harmony between growth and conservation.

Some may say that putting growth as the Number 1 priority will demolish the cultural and rural side of the country. But this isn't entirely true. Technologically advanced countries – such as post-war Japan and China – still have major cultural significance. Japan is renowned for its friendly people respectful manners and dignified culture while China is prominent for its thriving rural societies and cultures. This means that rapid advancement doesn't necessarily correlate to the destruction of culture – plus, the money and economic stability earned from such development can be used to in turn fund the conservation of culture and cultural practices.

#3 Furthermore, valuing economic growth can guide us to a better future. Commonly, other people ~~to tell~~ [tell] you that you should move on and learn from your mistakes, and that's true. But if you constantly stay back at a cultural society, you are not acknowledging the flaws, pretending and promising yourself that it's 'good enough', ~~culture is~~ [while culture may be] important, but living in a flawed reality that you can rectify isn't the way to go.

Whether it's rapid advancements or large progress of trades, economic growth is almost always the way to go. At the exchange of a flawed reality and cultural face, in exchange for a utopian reality of prosperity and joy – the winner is evident. From unlocking modern advancements, to fighting with new allies, rapid economic advancement is the path to follow.