Section 1:

#1 First paragraph: Strengths:

- Strong opening hook with a thought-provoking question
- Clear presentation of your main arguments against technology

Weaknesses: Underdeveloped thesis \rightarrow Your opening paragraph introduces multiple ideas but lacks cohesion. The phrase "turn your city into a digital nomad" is conceptually unclear, as a nomad typically refers to a person, not a city. Additionally, the transition between your ideas about personal information, jobs, and technology dependence feels abrupt.

Exemplar: "Imagine a world dominated by technology - a dystopian future where artificial intelligence controls our personal data, threatens our job security, and creates dangerous dependencies. This concerning reality is why we must carefully consider the extent of technological integration in our cities."

#2 Job impact paragraph: Strengths:

- Effective use of statistical evidence
- Clear topic sentence establishing the main point

Weaknesses: Inconsistent argumentation \rightarrow Your paragraph begins with a strong statistic about job impacts but then shifts focus midway. The phrase "Therefore, you should never turn your city into a digital nomad" doesn't logically follow from your evidence about AI's impact on employment.

Exemplar: "The impact of technology on employment is particularly concerning, as studies indicate that 30% of jobs could be negatively affected by AI automation. This technological displacement isn't merely theoretical - a January 2024 KPMG study revealed that 63% of workers fear AI's impact on their employment prospects."

#3 Personal information paragraph: Strengths:

- Specific example with Siri
- Strong supporting statistics

Weaknesses: Limited development \rightarrow Your discussion of data privacy lacks specific examples of how this relates to city-wide technological integration. The connection between personal data collection and your conclusion about "digital nomad" cities isn't fully developed.

Exemplar: "The privacy implications of widespread technological integration are severe. When cities implement comprehensive digital systems, they create vast networks that collect personal

data, with research showing that technology companies already possess detailed information about 87% of their users."

Actionable Task: Rewrite your opening paragraph focusing specifically on defining what you mean by a "digital city" and establish a clear connection between your three main arguments (jobs, dependency, and privacy) and urban technological integration.

Overall Score: 40/50

Section 2:

#1 Imagine a world which is ruled by technology. Sounds horrible right? Technology could find out about our personal information and impact our jobs negatively. [Technology has the power to expose our personal information and negatively impact our employment.] Also relying too much on technology is an issue. [excessive reliance on technology poses significant challenges.] That's why you should never turn your city into a digital nomad. [This is why we must carefully consider the extent of technological integration in our cities.]

Firstly, [First,] technology can negatively impact our job. [jobs.] #2 Thirty percent of jobs will be affected by negatively because may AI take over tasks currently performed by humans which could lower labour demand, reduce wages and eventually lead to less hiring. [Thirty percent of jobs will be negatively affected as AI takes over tasks currently performed by humans, potentially lowering labour demand, reducing wages, and ultimately leading to decreased hiring.] In some cases, some jobs may disappear. A study in January 2024 by KPMG found 63% of people were concerned about [that] AI will negatively impact their jobs. Therefore, you should never turn your city into a digital nomad.

Next, using technology to [too] much can make us too dependent on it. Dependence on technology has many issues such as mental health issues, sleep problems and poor task performance. "These days we can have a reasoned conversation with a humanoid robot, get fooled by a deep fake celebrity, and have our heart broken by a romantic chatbot. While artificial intelligence (AI) promises to make life easier, developments like these can also mess with our minds," says Joel Pearson, a cognitive neuroscientist at the University of New South Wales. Additionally, too much screen time or screen time before bed a [can] negatively affect your sleep quality, finally using technology too much can make us loose [lose] basic skills. Technology can also put less pressure on us to do well in our jobs. As a result, you should absolutely never turn your city into a digital nomad.

#3 Last but not least, technology can find out about your personal information. This is because technology often gathers massive quantities of data but while doing this it can also gather your personal data. Then your personal data can be misused by different business [businesses] to gain marketing insights. Research shows technology knows [the] personal information of 87 percent of its users. Additionally, Siri listens to every word you say and bombards you about topics you talk about to make you buy more products. For that reason, you should certainly never turn your city into a digital nomad.

In conclusion, you should definitely never turn your city into a digital nomad as technology negatively impacts our jobs and can find out about our personal information. Technology can also make us too dependent on it. Therefore, you should absolutely never turn your city into a digital nomad.