

Section 1:

#1: "Welcome, my fellow classmates. It is my honour to tell you why white is the best colour for A4 paper. Today I am going to tell you that white paper causes less harm to the environment and that you can't lose the colour from white paper. Simple?"

Strengths:

- Your opening engages the audience directly through inclusive language
- Your thesis statement clearly presents two main arguments

Weakness: Redundant Introduction → Your introduction repeats "tell you" twice, which weakens your opening statement. The question "Simple?" also diminishes the formality of your academic presentation.

Exemplar: "Welcome, my fellow classmates. I am honoured to share with you why white is the optimal choice for A4 paper, focusing on its environmental benefits and colour durability."

#2: "White paper is essential for the environment as it does not need to be coloured in factories or more. Since coloured paper is coloured using dye, it uses up precious sources of things like our food."

Strengths:

- Your environmental argument shows awareness of manufacturing processes
- You attempt to connect paper production to wider resource issues

Weakness: Underdeveloped Reasoning → Your argument lacks specific details about how dyes affect food resources. The phrase "or more" doesn't contribute to your argument.

Exemplar: "White paper is environmentally friendly because it requires fewer manufacturing processes. The production of coloured paper demands artificial dyes, which compete for agricultural resources used in food production."

#3: "So, my fellow friends if you are looking for the perfect colour for your A4 paper, pick white as your first choice. Let's not wait for people to cause more harm to the environment."

Strengths:

- Your conclusion reinforces the main argument
- You end with a call to action

Weakness: Abrupt Conclusion → Your conclusion jumps directly to recommendations without summarising your key points about colour durability and environmental impact.

Exemplar: "Therefore, my fellow friends, white A4 paper stands as the superior choice, offering both environmental sustainability and lasting quality. By choosing white paper, we actively contribute to environmental protection."

Actionable Task: Rewrite your second paragraph focusing on providing specific examples of how coloured paper production affects food resources, including at least two concrete examples.

Score: 39/50

Section 2:

#1 ~~Welcome, my fellow classmates. It is my honour to tell you why white is the best colour for A4 paper. Today I am going to tell you that white paper causes less harm to the environment and that you can't lose the colour from white paper. Simple?~~ [Welcome, my fellow classmates. It is my honour to present why white is the best colour for A4 paper. White paper causes less harm to the environment and maintains its colour integrity indefinitely.]

#2 ~~White paper is essential for the environment as it does not need to be coloured in factories or more.~~ [White paper is essential for environmental preservation as it requires no additional manufacturing processes for colouring.] Since coloured paper is coloured using dye, it uses up precious sources of things like our food. Furthermore, colouring paper using things like smoke can pollute the air. Diseases like cancer can be caused if you ~~breath~~ [breathe] in too much toxic air.

White coloured paper does not lose its colour because it ~~has~~ [is] made of several layers of paper. When using coloured paper, when you put sticky things on them and take it off, some of the colour might fade away, wasting some of all the pollution that has been produced. Think about it. People use coloured paper for art and craft, so they might use some tape and peel it off.

#3 ~~So,~~ [Therefore,] my fellow friends [,] if you are looking for the perfect colour for your A4 paper, pick white as your first choice. Let's not wait for people to cause more harm to the environment.