Section 1:

#1 "Have you ever walked outside on a summer day and felt the heat sting your skin---not in a soft, gentle way, but as if the air itself was angry? That's not just the sun shining. That is the Earth sending us a warning. We are not simply running out of time. We are living on borrowed time, standing on the edge of a cliff while the ground beneath us slowly crumbles. And yet, most of us keep walking forward, pretending not to notice the danger. But we must notice. We must listen. Because the climate crisis is no longer a problem for the future. It is a disaster we are living through right now."

Strengths: Your use of powerful imagery helps readers visualise the urgency of climate change. Your short sentences create a strong rhythm that builds tension.

Weak transition between ideas \rightarrow Your opening grabs attention with the heat metaphor but then jumps quickly to several different metaphors (borrowed time, cliff edge, walking forward). This makes your argument feel scattered rather than focused. You mention "we must notice" and "we must listen" but don't clearly explain what exactly we should be noticing or listening to.

Have you ever walked outside on a summer day and felt the heat sting your skin—not in a soft, gentle way, but as if the air itself was angry? That's not just the sun shining. That is the Earth sending us a warning. We are running out of time as the ground beneath our feet slowly crumbles. Most of us ignore these warning signs in our daily lives. But we must notice the rising temperatures, the changing weather patterns, and the environmental damage happening around us. Because the climate crisis is no longer a problem for the future. It is a disaster we are living through right now.

#2 "But here's the thing. We are not helpless. We are not too small. Our actions, even the small ones, can build something powerful. Imagine if every house used clean energy, if every school planted trees, and if every voice pushed leaders to act. What if our footsteps on this Earth could heal instead of harm? The future does not have to be filled with smoke and fear. It can be green, full of life, and safe. Not perfect, but hopeful."

Strengths: Your positive tone shifts the speech from problems to solutions. Your use of rhetorical questions effectively engages the audience to imagine a better future.

Limited concrete actions \rightarrow You mention that "our actions, even small ones, can build something powerful" but you only briefly mention a few examples like clean energy and planting trees. Your audience might not understand exactly what actions they can take personally. The solutions you suggest are quite general rather than specific things people can do right away.

But here's the thing. We are not helpless. We are not too small. Our everyday actions can build something powerful. Imagine if every house turned off unused lights and

appliances, if you and your classmates planted trees in your school yard, and if every family wrote letters to our leaders demanding climate action. What if our footsteps on this Earth could heal instead of harm? The future does not have to be filled with smoke and fear. It can be green, full of life, and safe. Not perfect, but hopeful.

#3 "Let me tell you a quick story. Last year, on a small island already battling rising sea levels, a boy named Toma planted a single mangrove tree. His grandfather told him, "This tree is your shield." A year later, during a storm, that tree helped protect the shoreline. One boy. One tree. One act of hope. If one child can protect his home with just his hands and heart, imagine what we could do together."

Strengths: Your story about Toma provides a concrete example that makes your message more relatable. Using a child as your example helps other children connect to the message.

Underdeveloped anecdote → Your story about Toma feels rushed and lacks important details that would make it more powerful and believable. You don't mention which island this happened on or explain how exactly one tree protected a shoreline during a storm. Without these details, your story might not fully convince your audience.

Let me tell you a true story from the Pacific Islands. Last year, on Tuvalu, an island already battling rising sea levels, a 10-year-old boy named Toma joined a community planting program. He carefully planted mangrove trees along the beach where his family had lived for generations. His grandfather explained, "These trees are our shield. Their strong roots hold the sand and soil in place." Six months later, when a cyclone hit their village, the areas with new mangrove trees suffered much less erosion than unprotected beaches. One boy. One tree. One act of hope that made a real difference. If one child can help protect his home with just his hands and heart, imagine what we could do together in our community.

■ Your persuasive speech shows good passion for climate change but needs more balance between the problem and solutions. You create vivid pictures of the dangers we face, but your ideas for action could be clearer and more doable for your audience. Try adding more specific examples that young people can actually do themselves. Also, connect your points better by using linking words like "firstly," "another reason," and "therefore." Your story about Toma is a good start, but including a local example from Australia would help your audience feel more connected to the issue. You could also make your ending stronger by giving readers a clear next step or action to take right away. Make sure each paragraph clearly leads to the next one. Your speech would be more convincing if you added more details to support your main ideas rather than using lots of different images and metaphors.

Score: 41/50

Section 2:

Have you ever walked outside on a summer day and felt the heat sting your skin---not in a soft, gentle way, but as if the air itself was angry? That's not just the sun shining. That is the Earth sending us a warning. We are not simply running out of time. We are living on borrowed time, standing on the edge of a cliff while the ground beneath us slowly crumbles. And yet, most of us keep walking forward, pretending not to notice the danger. But we must notice. We must listen. Because the climate crisis is no longer a problem for the future. It is a disaster we are living through right now. #1

Look around. Listen to the world. Every year, we breathe in smoke from forests that should never have burned. We feel strange weather that does not follow the seasons anymore. The sky turns grey with pollution, and the oceans churn, higher and hotter. The Earth does not whisper anymore. It screams. The ice caps melt like forgotten candles, and animals that once ran free are disappearing into silence. Whole islands are sinking, while some parts of the world are drowning, and others are cracking from drought. What more needs to happen before we stop pretending everything is fine? How much louder does nature need to scream before we truly hear her?

But here's the thing. We are not helpless. We are not too small. Our actions, even the small ones, can build something powerful. Imagine if every house used clean energy, if every school planted trees, and if every voice pushed leaders to act. What if our footsteps on this Earth could heal instead of harm? The future does not have to be filled with smoke and fear. It can be green, full of life, and safe. Not perfect, but hopeful. #2

Let me tell you a quick story. Last year, on a small island already battling rising sea levels, a boy named Toma planted a single mangrove tree. His grandfather told him, "This tree is your shield." A year later, during a storm, that tree helped protect the shoreline. One boy. One tree. One act of hope. If one child can protect his home with just his hands and heart, imagine what we could do together. #3

So, I ask you, as someone who shares this planet with me, as someone who wants to have a future just like I do, will you act? Or will you wait? We cannot leave this to others. We must demand action. We must speak up, walk more, waste less, and care more. Because climate change is not a problem far away. It is the fire at our doorstep. Because the Earth is not just some object we use. It is our home. And we should protect our home, not burn it down.

Let's help this planet and rise together. [Let's help this planet heal and rise together.] Not tomorrow. Not when it is too late. But now, before the last warning fades into silence.